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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/804,760	03/19/2004	Meir S. Sacks	MSS 65055	7688
Alan G. Town	7590 10/15/200 er	EXAMINER		
Pietragallo, Bosick & Gordon One Oxford Centre, 38th Floor 301 Grant Street			VAKILI, ZOHREH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Pittsburgh, PA	15219	1614		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/15/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action						
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief						

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/804,760	SACKS ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
ZOHREH VAKILI	1614		

ZOH	IREH VAKILI	1614	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	n the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addi	ress
THE REPLY FILED 31 August 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLIC	CATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.	
 M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the se application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (wif for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1. periods: 	s: (1) an amendment, affidavit ith appeal fee) in compliance v	, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of	of the final rejection,		
 The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later that 	y Action, or (2) the date set forth i an SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejectio	n.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ON MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on whith have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shorten set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than it may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	n and the corresponding amount on ned statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ite extension fee action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>30 September 2009</u>. A brief if the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must 	extension thereof (37 CFR 4	1.37(e)), to avoid disn	nissal of the
AMENDMENTS 3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but priv (a) ☒ They raise new issues that would require further consider			cause
 (b) \overline{\text{They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);}} (c) \text{They are not deemed to place the application in better for 	m for appeal by materially red	lucing or simplifying th	ne issues for
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a corres	nonding number of finally reje	cted claims	
NOTE: The claim(s) contains subject matter which was convey to one skilled in the relevant at that the inventor claimed invention. Applicant acids new limitations to the raised when Applicant includes limitations in the claims to invention. The silence of the disclosure regarding consist such steps because nowhere in the disclosure has Applicating method. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	not described in the specifical (s), at the time the application claims that raise the issue of re that he/she clearly did not have ting essentially of is not suffice	tion in such a way as was filed, had posses new matter. New matt e possession of at the ient to now claim the	ssion of the er issues are time of exclusion of
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. Se	ee attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (F	PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		61-4	
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable non-allowable claim(s) would be allowable			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided to The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an ex	planation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1 and 4-10.			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and suffice was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Noti entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcor showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and v.d. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the 	me <u>all</u> rejections under appea was not earlier presented. Se	l and/or appellant fails e 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	to provide a
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does	NOT place the application in	condition for allowand	ce because:
See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/S	CD/00) Denos No/o)		
13. Other:	SD/US) Papel NO(S).		

Continuation Sheet (PTOL-303)
| /Ardin_Marschel/

Application No.

/Ardin Marschel/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1614

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06) Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Part of Paper No. 20091013

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The amendment will not be entered into the record because of the addition of the new limitations that have raised new matter issuess. Accordingly, Applicant's remarks regarding the obviation of the rejections of record under 103 in view of the amendments are also not found persuasive, because the proposed after final amendments will not be entered into the record. However, Applicant's remarks regarding the rejection of the claims over Laruelle et al., Sandyk, and Castillo et al. have been fully considered, but are not persuasive. In particular, it is prima facie obvious to combine two compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose, in order to form a third composition to be used for the same pupose: the idea of combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art, see In re-Kerkhoven (205 USPQ 1069, CCPA 1980). In further response thereto, it is noted that Applicant has argued and discussed the references individually without clearly addressing the combined teachings. It must be remembered that the references are relied upon in combination and are not meant to be considered separately as in a vacuum. It is the combination of all of the cited and relied upon references that make up the state of the art with regard to the claimed invention. Applicant's claimed invention fails to patentably distinguish over the state of the art represented by the combination of the cited references. In re Young, 403 F.2d 754, 159 USPQ 725 (CCPA 1968); In re Keller 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). Moreover, it is noted that rejections under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are based on combinations of references, where the secondary references are cited to reconcile the deficiencies of the primary reference with the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art to show that the differences between Applicant's invention and the prior art are such that they would have been modifications that were prima facie obvious to the skilled artisan. It is noted that the claimed invention is not required to be expressly suggested in its entirety by any one or all of the references cited under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). In the present case, for example Laruelle et al. is merely relied upon to show the dosage of the active agent. As previously stated above, the use of such compounds would have been prima facile obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Motivation to combine or modify the teachings has been clearly provided above. Applicant's amendments and remarks have been carefully considered in their entirety, but fail to be persuasive in establishing error in the propriety of the present rejection. For these reasons, rejection of claims 1 & 4-10 remain proper.

/Zohreh Vakili/ Patent Examiner Art Unit 1614